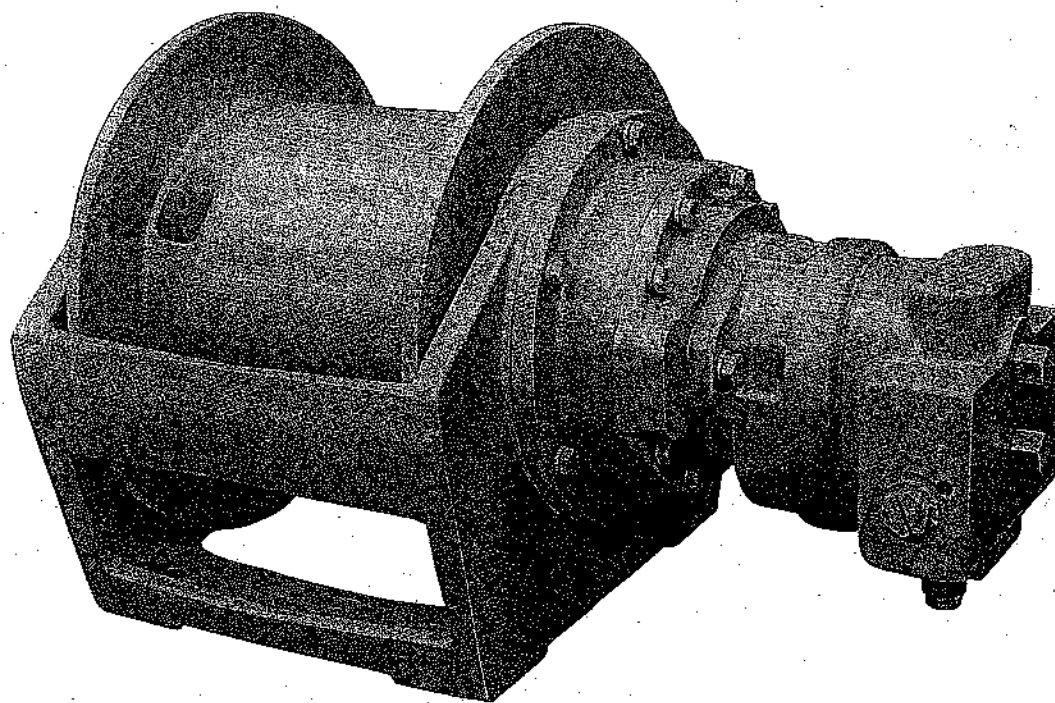


**INSTALLATION, MAINTENANCE AND SERVICE**

# **BRADEN**

## **SERIES**

# **PD5A**



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**PACCAR WINCH DIVISIONS**

LIT2768  
PB-129  
11/87  
PRINTED IN U.S.A.

P.O. BOX 547 • BROKEN ARROW, OK 74013  
PHONE: (918) 251-8511 • TELEX: 492340 • FAX: (918) 258-4822

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# BRADEN PLANETARY WINCH PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

PB-136

A regular program of preventive maintenance for your planetary winch is strongly recommended to minimize the need for emergency servicing and promote safe, reliable winch operation.

Field experience, supported by engineering tests, indicates the three (3) service procedures listed below are the **MOST** critical to safe, reliable winch operation and must be observed.

- **Regular Gear Oil Changes** — every 1000 hours or six (6) months
- **Use of Proper Gear Oil** — recommended type for prevailing ambient temperature
- **Annual Disassembly and Inspection of All Wear Items** — in compliance with American National Standards Institute (ANSI) specification B30.5c 1987 and American Petroleum Institute (API) recommended practice RP 2D section 3.

Please read this entire publication and make the required changes to your maintenance program to include these operations. If you have any questions regarding your Braden Planetary Winch or this publication, call the Braden Service Department at 918-251-8511.

The following minimum service intervals are specified for operating hours of the prime mover. For specific information regarding your particular winch always refer to the appropriate Installation, Maintenance and Service Manual.

Retain this publication for future reference.

1. **Oil Level** — The gear oil level should be checked every 500 operating hours or three (3) months, whichever occurs first. If additional oil is needed, refill with "Recommended Planetary Gear Oil".
2. **Oil Change** — The gear oil should be changed after the first one hundred (100) hours of operation, then every 1,000 operating hours or six (6) months, whichever occurs first. The gear oil must be changed to remove wear particles that impede the reliable and safe operation of the brake clutch and erode bearings, gears and seals. Failure to change gear oil at these suggested minimum intervals may contribute to intermittent brake slippage which could result in property damage, severe personal injury or death.  
  
The gear oil should also be changed whenever the ambient temperature changes significantly and an oil from a different temperature range would be more appropriate. Oil viscosity with regard to ambient temperature is critical to reliable brake clutch operation. Our tests indicate that excessively heavy or thick gear oil may contribute to intermittent brake clutch slippage. Make certain that the gear oil viscosity used in your winch is correct for your prevailing ambient temperature. Failure to use the proper type and viscosity of planetary gear oil may contribute to brake clutch slippage which could result in property damage, severe personal injury or death. Refer to "Recommended Planetary Gear Oil" for additional information.
3. **Vent Plug** — A vent plug is usually found on the motor support or drum bearing support. The vent plug must be kept clean and unobstructed. Whenever the gear oil is changed, remove the vent plug, clean in solvent and reinstall. Do not paint over the vent or replace with a solid plug.
4. **Hydraulic System** — The original filter element should be replaced after the first fifty (50) hours of operation, then every 500 operating hours or three (3) months, or in accordance with the equipment manufacturer's recommendations.
5. **Wire Rope** — Inspect entire length of the wire rope according to wire rope manufacturers recommendations.
6. **Mounting Bolts** — Tighten all winch base mounting bolts to recommended torque after the first one hundred (100) hours of operation, then every 1000 operating hours or six (6) months, whichever occurs first.
7. **Warm-up Procedure** — A warm-up procedure is recommended at each start-up and is essential at ambient temperatures below +40°F (4°C).  
  
The prime mover should be run at its lowest recommended RPM with the hydraulic winch control valve in neutral allowing sufficient time to warm up the system. The winch should then be operated at low speeds, forward and reverse, several times to prime all lines with warm hydraulic oil, and to circulate gear lubricant through the planetary gear sets.

## WARNING!

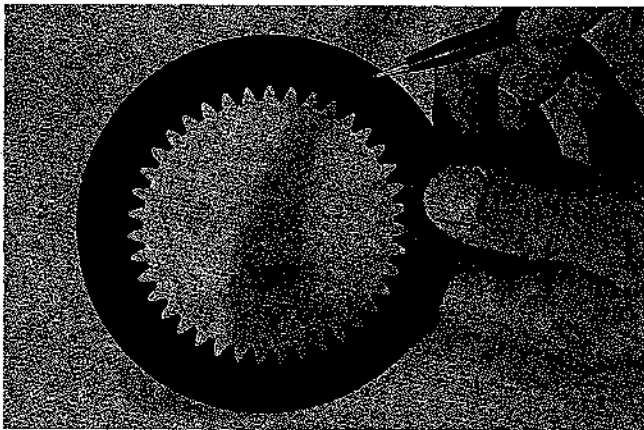
Failure to properly warm up the winch, particularly under low ambient temperature conditions, may result in temporary brake slippage due to high back pressures attempting to release the brake, which could result in property damage, severe personal injury or death.

8. **Inspection** — In compliance with ANSI specification number B30.5c1987 and API Recommended Practice RP 2D section 3, we recommend that the winch be disassembled for a thorough inspection of all wear items every 2,000 hours of operation or twelve (12) months, whichever occurs first.

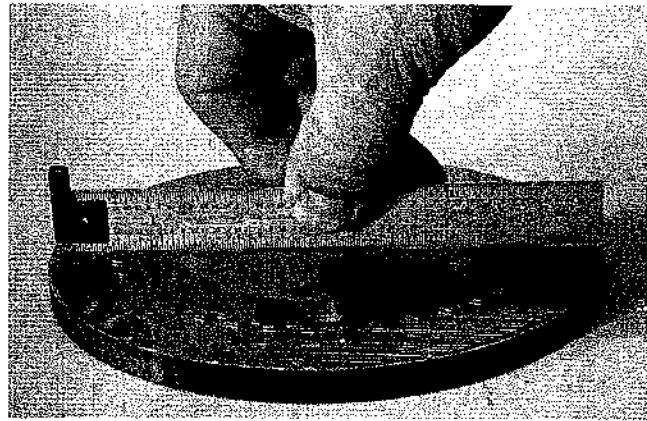
- A. **Bearings and Gears** — The bearing rollers should not exhibit any irregularities. If the rollers show any sign of spalling, corrosion, discoloration, material displacement or abnormal wear, the bearing should be replaced. Likewise, the cage should be inspected for unusual wear or deformation, particularly the cage bars. If there is any damage that will impair the cage's ability to separate, retain and guide the rollers properly, the bearing should be replaced. The thrust washer contact areas should be free from any surface irregularities that may cause abrasions or friction. The gears and shafts should be inspected for abnormal wear or pitting.

Inspect the ring gear teeth for nicks, spalling or excessive wear. Replace if wear is greater than .015" when compared to unworn area of teeth.

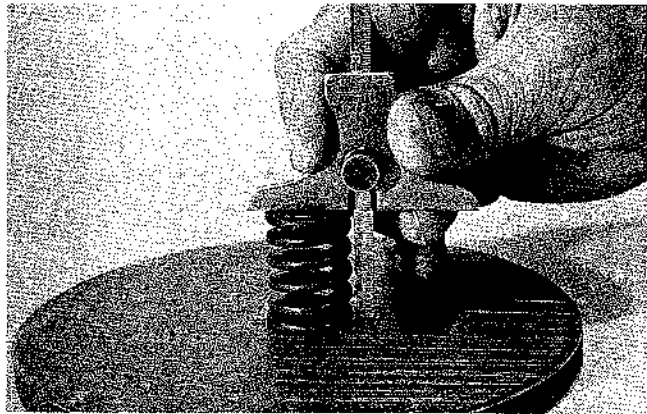
- B. **Brake Cylinder** — Disassemble the brake cylinder/motor support assembly and check brake piston sealing surfaces for scoring or excessive wear.



Place friction brake discs on flat surface and check for distortion with a straight edge. Friction material should appear even across entire surface with groove pattern visible. Replace friction discs if splines are worn to a point, discs are distorted or friction material is worn unevenly.



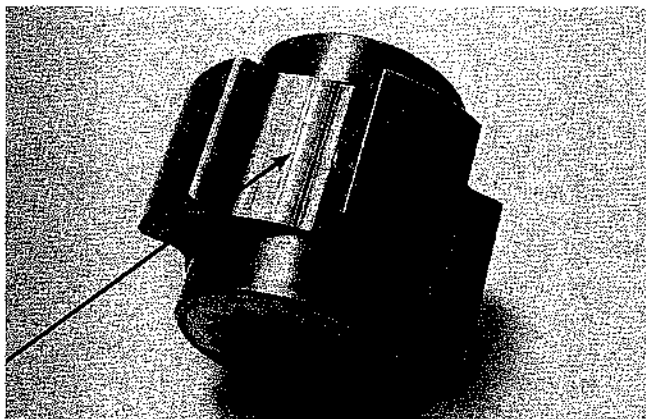
Place steel brake discs on flat surface and check for distortion with a straight edge. Check surface for signs of material transfer or heat. Replace steel discs if distorted or heat discolored.



Check brake spring free length; minimum free length is specified in the individual Installation, Maintenance and Service Manual. Check springs for any sign of cracking or failure. If a brake spring must be replaced for any reason, then ALL brake springs must be replaced.

## CAUTION!

Failure to replace brake springs as a set may result in uneven brake application pressure and repeated brake spring failures.



- C. **Brake Clutch** — Ramp and Roller Type: Inspect the cam closely for abnormal wear or

indentations caused by the rollers. If the cam faces have been damaged, usually from shock loads, the cam must be replaced. The rollers, springs and brake race should be carefully inspected for scoring, cracks, pitting or abnormal wear.

## WARNING!

The polished surfaces of the race and rollers must be perfectly smooth to insure positive engagement of the clutch. The slightest defect may reduce brake clutch effectiveness, which could result in property damage, severe personal injury or death. It is generally recommended to replace the entire brake clutch assembly if any component is defective or in doubt.



- D. **Brake Clutch — Sprag Type:** Carefully inspect the sprag clutch cams for abnormal wear, cracks, pitting, corrosion, scoring or scuffing. Check the cage and small clips for breakage or bright spots; the signs of excessive wear. Check the outer race for scoring pitting or scuffing.

## WARNING!

The polished surfaces of the races and sprag cams must be perfectly smooth to insure positive engagement of the clutch. The slightest defect may reduce brake clutch effectiveness, which could result in property damage, severe personal injury or death. It is generally recommended to replace

the entire brake clutch assembly if any component is defective.

9. **Recommended Planetary Gear Oil —** Field experience, supported by extensive engineering tests, indicates the use of the proper planetary gear oil is essential to reliable and safe operation of the brake clutch and obtaining long gear train life.

## WARNING!

Failure to use the proper type and viscosity of planetary gear oil may contribute to intermittent brake clutch slippage which could result in property damage, severe personal injury or death. Some gear lubricants contain large amounts of EP (extreme pressure) and anti-friction additives which may contribute to brake clutch slippage and damage to brake friction discs or seals. Oil viscosity with regard to ambient temperature is also critical to reliable brake clutch operation. Our tests indicate that excessively heavy or thick gear oil may contribute to intermittent brake clutch slippage. Make certain that the gear oil viscosity used in your winch is correct for your prevailing ambient temperature.

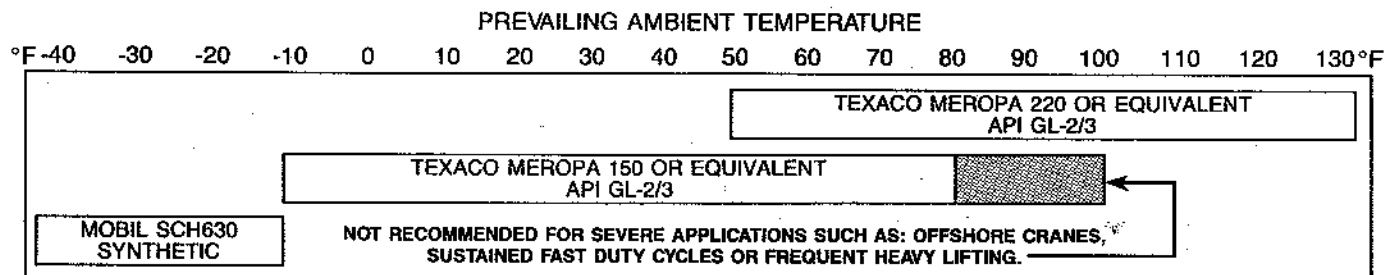
For simplicity, BRADEN has listed one (1) readily available product in each temperature range which has been tested and found to meet our specifications. This is not to say that other lubricant brands would not perform equally as well.

If the following lubricant brands are not available in your area, make certain your lubricant vendor supplies you with oil that is equivalent to those products listed below.

BRADEN planetary winches are factory filled with Texaco Meropa 150 or equivalent API GL-2/3 gear oil.

## WARNING!

If a winch ever exhibits any sign of erratic operation, or load control difficulties (i.e. load creeping or chattering) appropriate trouble shooting tests and repairs should be performed immediately. Continued operation in this manner may result in property damage, serious personal injury or death.



## PACCAR WINCH DIVISIONS

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## PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE LOG

| IN SERVICE RECORD            |                          | 3 MOS.<br>OR<br>500 HRS. | 6 MOS.<br>OR<br>1000 HRS. | 9 MOS.<br>OR<br>1500 HRS. | 12 MOS.<br>OR<br>2000 HRS. | 15 MOS.<br>OR<br>2500 HRS. | 18 MOS.<br>OR<br>3000 HRS. | 21 MOS.<br>OR<br>3500 HRS. | 24 MOS.<br>OR<br>4000 HRS. |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| DATE                         | PRIME MOVER HRS.<br>HRS. |                          |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
| CHECK GEAR OIL LEVEL         | DATE                     |                          |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
| CHANGE HYD SYSTEM FLTR       | HRS.                     |                          |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
| CHANGE GEAR OIL              | DATE                     |                          |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
| CLEAN VENT PLUG              | HRS.                     |                          |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
| CHECK/TIGHTEN MOUNTING BOLTS |                          |                          |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
| DISASSEMBLY & INSPECTION     | DATE                     |                          |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
|                              | HRS.                     |                          |                           |                           |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |

## PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE LOG

| IN SERVICE RECORD            |                          | 27 MOS.<br>OR<br>4500 HRS. | 30 MOS.<br>OR<br>5000 HRS. | 33 MOS.<br>OR<br>5500 HRS. | 36 MOS.<br>OR<br>6000 HRS. | 39 MOS.<br>OR<br>6500 HRS. | 42 MOS.<br>OR<br>7000 HRS. | 45 MOS.<br>OR<br>7500 HRS. | 48 MOS.<br>OR<br>8000 HRS. |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| DATE                         | PRIME MOVER HRS.<br>HRS. |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
| CHECK GEAR OIL LEVEL         | DATE                     |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
| CHANGE HYD SYSTEM FLTR       | HRS.                     |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
| CHANGE GEAR OIL              | DATE                     |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
| CLEAN VENT PLUG              | HRS.                     |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
| CHECK/TIGHTEN MOUNTING BOLTS |                          |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
| DISASSEMBLY & INSPECTION     | DATE                     |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |
|                              | HRS.                     |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |                            |

REPEAT MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE AFTER REACHING 48 MONTHS OR 8000 HOURS.

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# GENERAL SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Safety for operators and ground personnel is of prime concern. Always take the necessary precautions to ensure safety to others as well as yourself. To ensure safety, the winch must be operated with care and concern for the equipment and the operator should have a thorough knowledge of the machine's performance capabilities. The following recommendations are offered only as a guide for the operator. Local rules and regulations will also apply.

1. Read all warning tag information and become familiar with all controls BEFORE operating winch.
2. Never attempt to clean, oil or perform any maintenance on a machine with the engine running, unless instructed to do so in the Service Manual.

## **!WARNING!**

ON MACHINES HAVING HYDRAULICALLY, MECHANICALLY AND/OR CABLE CONTROLLED EQUIPMENT, BE CERTAIN THE EQUIPMENT (BOOM, SHEAVE BLOCKS, PENDANTS, ETC.) IS EITHER LOWERED TO THE GROUND OR BLOCKED SECURELY BEFORE SERVICING, ADJUSTING AND/OR REPAIRING THE WINCH.

3. Before starting engine be certain all controls move freely and are placed in the neutral position.
4. Never operate winch controls unless you are sure personnel are clear of work area.
5. Operate winch line speeds to match job conditions.
6. Assure that personnel who are responsible for hand signals are clearly visible and that the signals to be used are thoroughly understood by everyone.
7. Never attempt to handle wire rope when the hook end is not free.
8. Leather gloves should be used when handling wire rope.
9. Ground personnel should stay in view of winch operator and clear of work area. Do not allow ground personnel near wire rope under tension. A safe distance of at least 1½ times the length of the cable in use should be maintained.
10. When winding cable on the winch drum, never attempt to maintain tension by allowing cable to slip through hands. Always use "hand-over-hand" method.

11. Use correct size cable anchor for cable and pocket in winch drum. Never use a knot to secure or attach cable.
12. Inspect rigging, winch and hoses at the beginning of each work shift. Any wire rope with broken strands; or rigging worn; or damaged hoses should be replaced immediately.
13. Be sure of equipment stability before operating winch.
14. Do not weld to any part of the winch.
15. Keep equipment in good operating condition. Perform scheduled servicing and adjustments listed in the "Preventive Maintenance" section of this manual. Keep hydraulic systems clean and free from contamination at all times.
16. An equipment warm-up procedure is recommended for all start-ups and essential at ambient temperatures below +40°F. Refer to "Warm-up Procedure" listed in the "Preventive Maintenance" section of this manual.
17. Do not exceed the maximum pressure (PSI) of flow (GPM) stated in the winch specifications.
18. The Gearmatic designed wire rope anchors are capable of supporting the rated load when installed properly. For additional safety, ALWAYS maintain a minimum of three (3) wraps of wire rope on the drum.

Safety and informational callouts in this manual include:

## **!WARNING!**

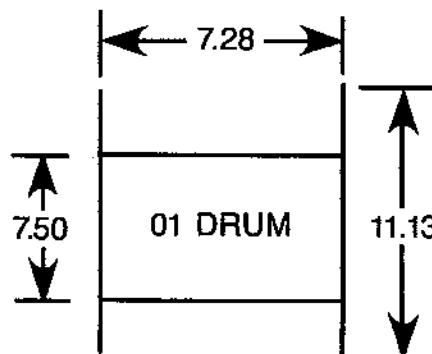
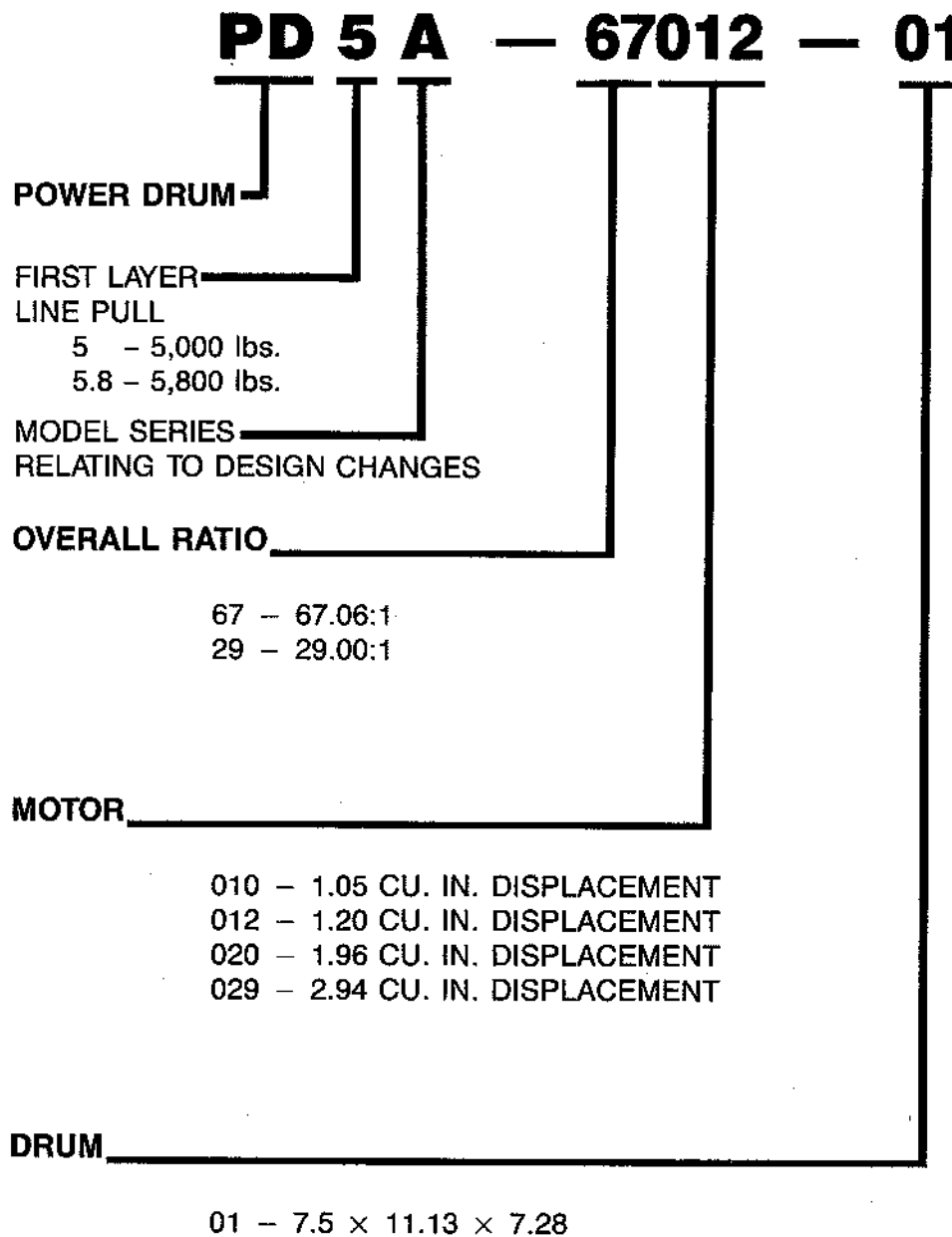
**WARNING** — This emblem is used to warn against hazards and unsafe practices which COULD result in severe personal injury or death if proper procedures are not followed.

## **!CAUTION!**

**CAUTION** — This emblem is used to warn against potential or unsafe practices which could result in personal injury, and product or property damage if proper procedures are not followed.

# PD5 SPECIFICATIONS

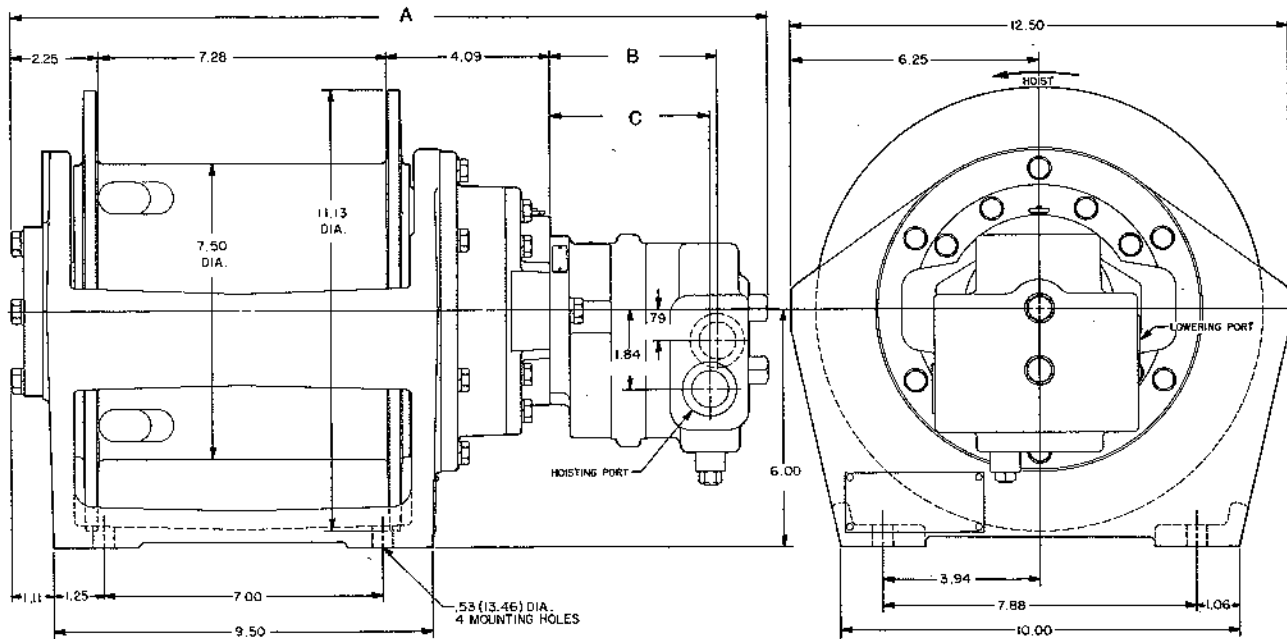
## EXPLANATION OF MODEL NUMBER





# DIMENSIONAL DATA

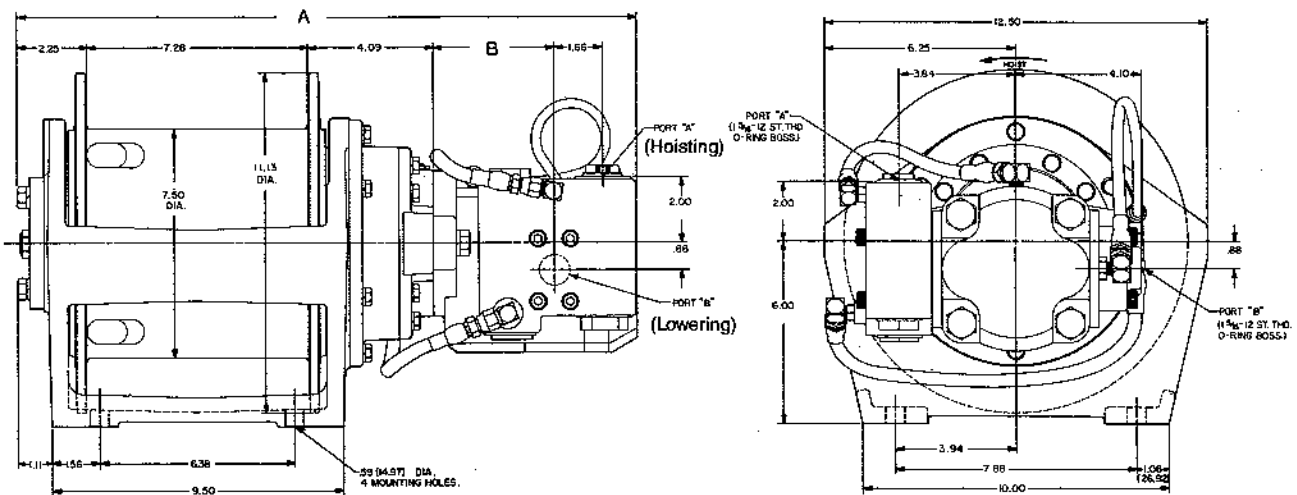
## MOTORS 010 & 012



| MOTOR | A     | B    | C    |
|-------|-------|------|------|
| 010   | 19.19 | 4.25 | 4.07 |
| 020   | 19.32 | 4.38 | 4.19 |

HOISTING AND LOWERING PORTS ARE 7/8-14 SAE.

## MOTORS 020 & 029



| MOTOR | A     | B    |
|-------|-------|------|
| 020   | 20.06 | 3.81 |
| 029   | 20.56 | 4.06 |

# PD5 PERFORMANCE

## 67.06:1 RATIO

| ROPE<br>SIZE<br>(IN.) | LAYER | 012 MOTOR<br>1.20 CU. IN. DISP.<br>2200 PSI @ 18 GPM |                     | 010 MOTOR<br>1.05 CU. IN. DISP.<br>2500 PSI @ 15 GPM |                     | ROPE<br>CAPACITY<br>(FT.)<br><br>01 DRUM | LAYER |
|-----------------------|-------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|-------|
|                       |       | LINE PULL<br>(LBS.)                                  | LINE SPEED<br>(FPM) | LINE PULL<br>(LBS.)                                  | LINE SPEED<br>(FPM) |  |       |
| 3/8<br>.375           | 1     | 5,000  | 88                  | 5,000  | 81                  | 40                                       | 1     |
|                       | 2     | 4,570  | 97                  | 4,570  | 88                  | 83                                       | 2     |
|                       | 3     | 4,200  | 105                 | 4,200  | 96                  | 130                                      | 3     |
|                       | 4*    | 3,890  | 114                 | 3,890  | 104                 | 181                                      | 4     |
| 7/16<br>.438          | 1     | 5,000  | 89                  | 5,000  | 81                  | 34                                       | 1     |
|                       | 2     | 4,510  | 99                  | 4,510  | 90                  | 72                                       | 2     |
|                       | 3     | 4,100  | 109                 | 4,100  | 99                  | 114                                      | 3     |
|                       | 4*    | 3,760  | 119                 | 3,760  | 114                 | 160                                      | 4     |
| 1/2<br>.500           | 1     | 5,000  | 90                  | 5,000  | 82                  | 30                                       | 1     |
|                       | 2     | 4,450  | 101                 | 4,450  | 92                  | 64                                       | 2     |
|                       | 3*    | 4,000  | 112                 | 4,000  | 103                 | 102                                      | 3     |

\*This layer does not comply with ANSI Spec. B30.5C 5-1.3.2c for 1/2" exposed flange.

## 29.00:1 RATIO

| ROPE<br>SIZE<br>(IN.) | LAYER | 012 MOTOR<br>1.20 CU. IN. DISP.<br>2500 PSI @ 18 GPM |                     | 020 MOTOR<br>1.96 CU. IN. DISP.<br>2750 PSI @ 25 GPM |                     | 029 MOTOR**<br>2.94 CU. IN. DISP.<br>2600 PSI @ 22 GPM |                     | ROPE<br>CAPACITY<br>(FT.)<br><br>01 DRUM |
|-----------------------|-------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|---------------------|--|
|                       |       | LINE PULL<br>(LBS.)                                  | LINE SPEED<br>(FPM) | LINE PULL<br>(LBS.)                                  | LINE SPEED<br>(FPM) | LINE PULL<br>(LBS.)                                    | LINE SPEED<br>(FPM) |  |
| 3/8<br>.375           | 1     | 2,500  | 205                 | 4,000  | 175                 | 5,800  | 97                  | 40                                       |
|                       | 2     | 2,280  | 224                 | 3,650  | 192                 | 5,300  | 107                 | 83                                       |
|                       | 3     | 2,100  | 244                 | 3,360  | 209                 | 4,870  | 116                 | 130                                      |
|                       | 4*    | 1,940  | 263                 | 3,110  | 226                 | 4,510  | 125                 | 181                                      |
| 7/16<br>.438          | 1     | 2,500  | 206                 | 4,000  | 177                 | 5,800  | 98                  | 34                                       |
|                       | 2     | 2,250  | 229                 | 3,600  | 196                 | 5,220  | 109                 | 72                                       |
|                       | 3     | 2,050  | 252                 | 3,280  | 216                 | 4,750  | 120                 | 114                                      |
|                       | 4*    | 1,880  | 275                 | 3,010  | 236                 | 4,360  | 131                 | 160                                      |
| 1/2<br>.500           | 1     | 2,500  | 208                 | 4,000  | 178                 | 5,800  | 99                  | 30                                       |
|                       | 2     | 2,220  | 234                 | 3,560  | 201                 | 5,160  | 111                 | 64                                       |
|                       | 3*    | 2,000  | 260                 | 3,200  | 223                 | 4,640  | 124                 | 102                                      |

\*This layer does not comply with ANSI Spec. B30.5C 5-1.3.2c for 1/2" exposed flange.

\*\*This model is approved for intermittent applications only. Do not exceed hydraulic pressure or flow indicated.  
Contact factory for details.

# THEORY OF OPERATION

## DESCRIPTION OF WINCH

The winch has three basic assemblies:

1. Hydraulic motor assembly and brake valve
2. Cable drum assembly
3. Brake cylinder and motor adapter

The hydraulic motor is bolted to the motor adapter which in turn is bolted to the brake cylinder and the winch base. The cable drum assembly is supported by anti-friction bearings which are located by the brake housing at one end and the bearing support at the other end. The ring gear for both planetary sets is machined on the inside surface of the cable drum.

## PLANETARY GEAR TRAIN

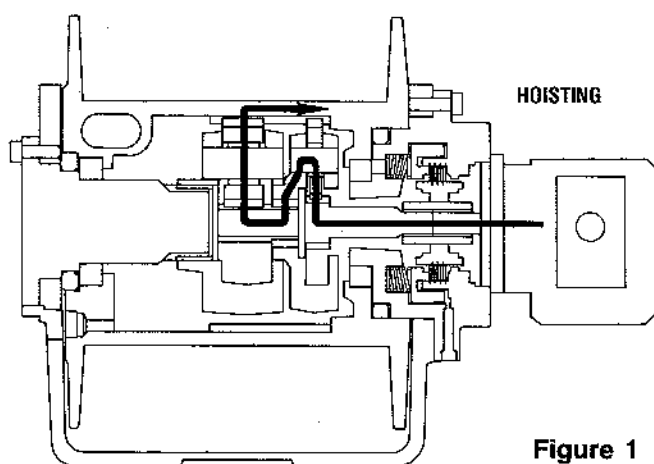


Figure 1

The hydraulic motor shaft is directly coupled to the inner brake hub which is connected to the input shaft which acts as the sun gear for the primary planetary set. When driven by the input shaft, the primary planet gears walk around the ring gear machined in the cable drum and drive the primary planet carrier.

The primary planet carrier drives the output sun gear which drives the output planet gears. The output planet carrier is splined to the bearing support and cannot rotate. As the output planet gears are driven by the output sun gear, they drive the ring gear/cable drum.

## DUAL BRAKE SYSTEM

The dual brake system consists of a dynamic brake and a static brake.

The dynamic brake system has two basic components.

1. Brake valve assembly
2. Hydraulic motor

The brake valve is basically a counter balance valve. The counter balance valve is contained within the hydraulic motor end bracket on units with motor code 010 and 012. Units with motor code 020 or 029 utilize a brake valve mounted externally on the hoist port of the motor. It contains a check valve to allow free flow of oil to the motor in the haul-in direction and a pilot operated, spring-loaded spool valve that blocks the flow of oil out of the motor when the control valve is placed in neutral. When the control valve is placed in the pay-out position, the spool valve remains closed until sufficient pilot pressure is applied to the end of the spool to shift it against spring pressure and open a passage. After the spool valve cracks open, the pilot pressure becomes flow-dependent and modulates the spool valve opening which controls the pay-out speed.

The static brake system has three basic components:

1. Spring applied, multiply friction disk brake pack
2. Over-running brake clutch assembly
3. Hydraulic brake cylinder and spring plate

The static brake consists of alternately stacked friction and steel brake disks. The steel brake disks are externally splined to the motor adapter and cannot rotate. The friction disks are internally splined to the outer brake hub of the over-running brake clutch. When compressed by spring force, the brake pack locks the over-running brake clutch outer brake hub to the motor adapter.

The static brake is released by the pilot pressure at a pressure lower than that required to open the pilot operated brake valve. This sequence assures that dynamic braking takes place in the brake valve and that little, if any, heat is absorbed by the friction brake.

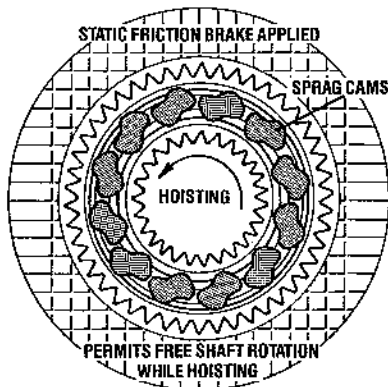
The friction brake is primarily a load holding brake and will provide dynamic braking only during extremely slow operation when there is insufficient flow to open the brake valve.

The sprag type over-running brake clutch is installed between the inner brake race and the outer brake hub. The over-running brake clutch allows the inner brake race and input shaft to turn freely in the direction to haul in cable and locks up to force the friction brake disks to turn with the inner brake race and input shaft to pay out cable. The brake pack remains fully applied when hauling in cable and must be released by pilot pressure to allow the brake disks to turn freely and pay out cable.

## DUAL BRAKE SYSTEM - OPERATION

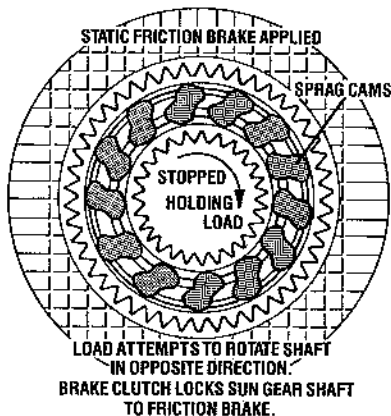
When hoisting or pulling a load, the brake clutch allows free rotation of the inner brake race and input shaft. The sprag cams lay over and permit the inner brake race

to turn free of the outer brake hub. Figure 2. The friction brake remains fully engaged. The winch is not affected by any braking action during haul-in.



**Figure 2**

When the haul-in operation is stopped, the load attempts to turn the input shaft in the opposite direction. This reversed input causes the sprag cams to instantly engage and firmly lock the inner brake race to the outer brake hub. Reference Figure 3.



**Figure 3**

When the winch is powered in reverse, to pay out cable, the motor and gear train will not rotate until sufficient pilot pressure is supplied to open the brake valve. The friction brake within the winch will completely release at a pressure lower than that required to open the brake valve. The extent to which the brake valve opens will determine the amount of oil that can flow through it and the speed at which the load will be lowered. Increasing the flow of oil to the winch motor will cause the pressure to rise and the opening in the brake valve to enlarge, speeding up the descent of the load. Decreasing this flow causes the pressure to lower and the opening in the brake valve to decrease thus slowing the descent of the load.

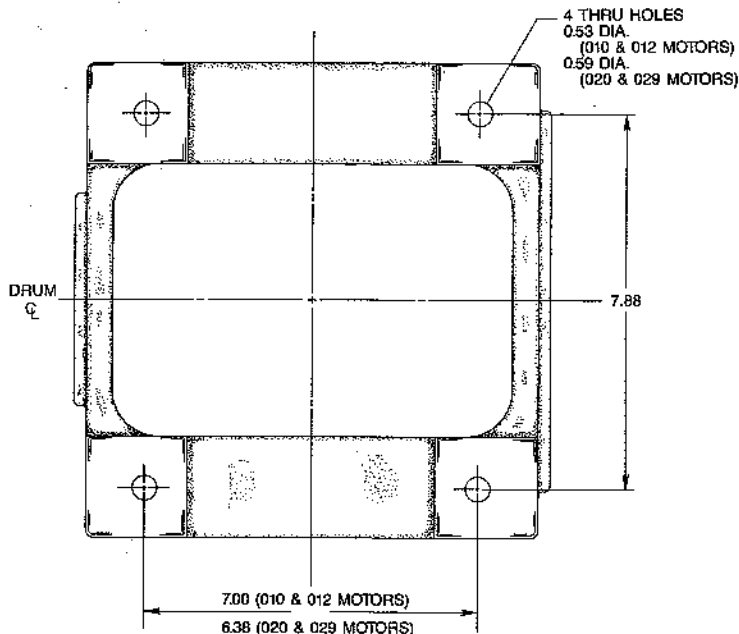
When the control valve is returned to neutral or "hold", the pilot pressure will drop and the brake valve will close, stopping the load. The friction brake will engage and hold the load after the brake valve has closed.

When lowering a load very slowly for precise positioning, no oil flow actually occurs through the winch motor. The pressure will build up to a point where the friction brake will release sufficiently to allow the load to rotate the motor through its own internal leakage. This feature results in a very slow speed and extremely accurate positioning.

The friction brake receives very little wear in the lowering operation. All of the heat generated by the lowering and stopping of a load is absorbed by the hydraulic oil where it can be readily dissipated.

# WINCH AND WIRE ROPE INSTALLATION

1. The winch should be mounted with the centerline of the cable drum in a horizontal position. The mounting plane of the winch may be rotated in any position around this centerline providing the vent port in the motor adapter is correctly positioned. Refer to additional instructions in this section.



2. When mounting the winch, use all four (4) mounting holes and grade eight (8) bolts and nuts. Evenly tighten nuts to 80 lb. ft. torque, lubricated with 30W motor oil.

It is important that the winch is mounted on a surface that will not flex when the winch is in use, and cause binding of the gear train. Binding in the gear train will result in accelerated wear and heat. Also, the mounting surface should be flat within + or - .020 inches. If necessary, install shims under winch mounting pads to achieve even mounting.

3. The hydraulic lines and components that operate the winch should be of sufficient size to assure minimum back pressure at the winch. The motor manufacturer recommends that the back pressure not exceed 100 psi for optimum motor seal life.

The winch directional control valve must be a three position four way valve with a motor spool such that when the valve is in the center position both work ports are open to tank (open center, open port).

4. High quality hydraulic oil is essential for satisfactory performance and long hydraulic system component life.

Oil having 150 to 330 SUS viscosity at 100°F (38°C) and viscosity index of 100 or greater will give good results under normal temperature conditions. The

use of an oil having a high viscosity index will minimize cold-start trouble and reduce the length of warm-up periods. A high viscosity index will minimize changes in viscosity with corresponding changes in temperature.

Maximum cold weather start-up viscosity should not exceed 5000 SUS with a pour point at least 20°F lower than the minimum temperature.

Under continuous operating conditions the temperature of the oil at any point in the system must not exceed 180°F. 120° - 140°F is generally considered optimum.

In general terms: for continuous operation at ambient temperatures between 50° and 110°F use SAE 20W; for continuous operation between 10° and 90°F, use SAE 10W; for applications colder than 10°F, contact the BRADEN Service Department. The use of multi-viscosity oils is generally not recommended. Refer to "Recommended Planetary Gear Oil" in the "Preventive Maintenance" section for additional information.

5. The hydraulic oil filter should have a 10 micron nominal rating and be full flow type.
6. The vent plug in the motor adapter must be located as close to top dead center as possible. If the winch is mounted on a pivoting surface, be sure vent plug remains above the centerline in all positions. If necessary reposition motor adapter and vent plug as follows:
  - A. Remove brake cylinder capscrews (34).
  - B. Rotate brake cylinder assembly (22) and re-install capscrews (34).
  - C. Evenly tighten capscrews to recommended torque
7. Install hydraulic hoses to motor in the following manner:

## Motor Codes 010 & 012

To hoist a load, pressurize the motor port at the nine (9) o'clock position, when viewed from the motor end (port nearest counter-balance valve cartridge).

To lower a load, pressurize the motor port at the three (3) o'clock position.

## Motor Code 020 & 029

To hoist a load, pressurize the inlet port on the brake valve.

To lower a load, pressurize the manifold port on the side of motor opposite the brake valve.

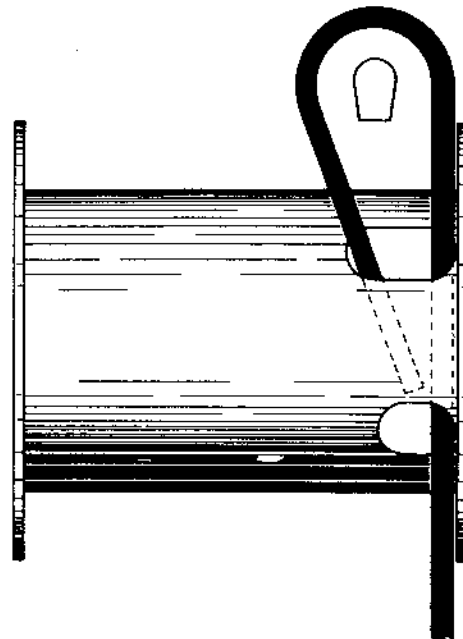
Hoisting and lowering ports are also identified on the exploded view drawing at the center of this manual.

## WIRE ROPE INSTALLATION

Take the free end of the wire rope and insert it through the small opening of the anchor pocket. Loop the wire rope and push the free end about three-fourths of the way back through the pocket. Install the cable anchor (55) with the small end toward the drum, then pull the slack out of the wire rope. The cable anchor will slip into the pocket and secure the wire rope into the drum.

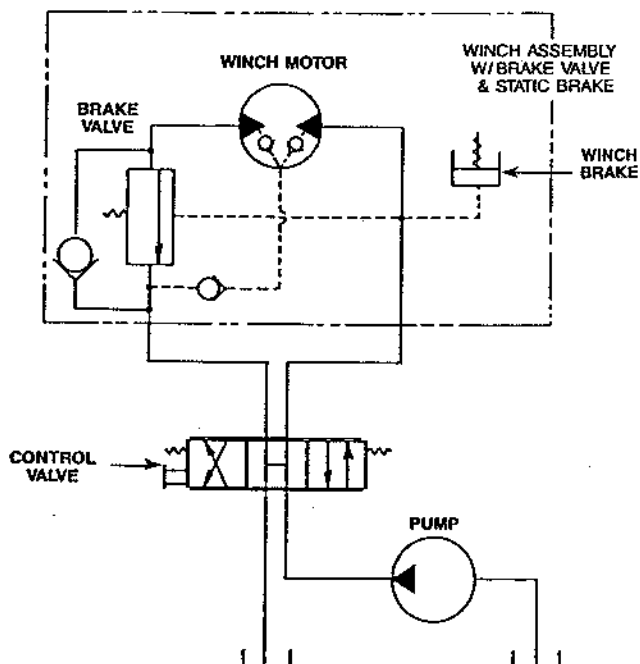
Use cable anchor 26095 for  $\frac{5}{16}$  to  $\frac{1}{2}$  dia. wire rope.

Standard drum rotation, to haul-in wire rope, is counter-clockwise when viewed from motor end.

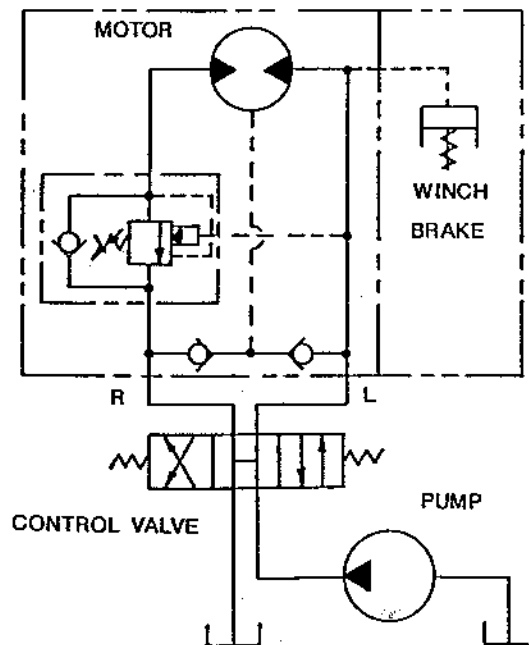


## HYDRAULIC CIRCUITS

MOTOR CODE 020 & 029



MOTOR CODE 010 & 012



# PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

A regular program of preventive maintenance for your planetary winch will minimize the need for emergency servicing and help provide extended component life.

**NOTE:** All service intervals are specified for equipment operating hours.

## 1. OIL LEVEL.

The gear oil level should be checked every 500 operating hours or three (3) months, whichever occurs first. To check the oil level, remove the large plug (49) located in the center of the drum bearing support (21). The oil should be level with the bottom of this opening. If additional oil is needed, refer to "Recommended Planetary Gear Oil".

## 2. OIL CHANGE.

The gear oil should be changed after the first one hundred (100) hours of operation, then every 1000 hours or twelve (12) months, whichever occurs first. To drain the gear oil from the winch remove the level plug (49) in the drum bearing support (21) then with the aid of a hoist, stand the winch on end and drain the oil into a suitable container. Inspect the o-ring on the level plug and replace as required. Refill the winch with recommended oil and replace level plug.

## 3. BRAKE INSPECTION.

Every twelve (12) months or 1000 hours, whichever occurs first, remove the motor (48) and motor adapter (23) to inspect the brake discs (44, 45) and brake clutch assembly (40-43) following the instructions for those sections.

## 4. HYDRAULIC SYSTEM.

The original filter element should be replaced after the first fifty (50) hours of operation, then every 500 operating hours or three (3) months, or in accordance with the equipment manufacturer's recommendations.

## 5. VENT PLUG.

The vent plug (37) is located in the motor adapter (23). It is very important to keep this vent clean and unobstructed. Whenever gear oil is changed, remove vent plug, clean in solvent and reinstall. Do not paint over the vent or replace with a solid plug.

## 6. WIRE ROPE.

Inspect entire length of wire rope according to wire rope manufacturer's recommendations.

## 7. MOUNTING BOLTS.

Tighten all winch base mounting bolts to recommended torque after the first one hundred (100) hours of operation, then every 500 operating hours or six (6) months, whichever occurs first.

## 8. WARM-UP PROCEDURE

A warm-up procedure is recommended at each start-up and is essential at ambient temperatures below +40°F (4°C).

The prime mover should be run at its lowest recommended RPM with the hydraulic winch control valve in neutral allowing sufficient time to warm up the system. The winch should then be operated at low speeds, forward and reverse, several times to prime all lines with warm hydraulic oil, and to circulate gear lubricant through the planetary gear sets and brake.

## !CAUTION!

Failure to properly warm up the winch, particularly under low ambient temperature conditions, may result in temporary brake slippage due to high back pressures attempting to release the brake.

## 9. OIL ANALYSIS.

We recommend an oil analysis be conducted of the gear oil at regular intervals. Wear metals should be monitored for early detection of problems and lubricant effectivity. In severe applications, the winch should be completely disassembled to inspect for excessive wear every two thousand (2,000) hours of operation or twelve (12) months, whichever occurs first.

## 10. RECOMMENDED PLANETARY GEAR OIL.

We have published the following specification to help you determine which lubricant is best suited to your application.

For simplicity, we have listed one (1) readily available product in each temperature range which has been tested and found to meet our specifications. This is not to say that other lubricant brands would not perform equally as well.

If the following lubricant brands are not available in your area, make certain your lubricant vendor supplies you with an equivalent oil.

# PREVAILING AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

°F -40 -30 -20 -10 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 °F

EQUIVALENT

MOBILE SCH630  
SYNTHETIC

The Braden "Recommended Planetary Gear Oil" specification and "Recommended Preventive Maintenance" program have been revised. Please refer to the supplemental information installed in the front of this manual.

PB-140

PD5 winches are factory filled with Texaco Meropa 150 or equivalent API GL-2/3 gear oil.

*Oil is CAPACITY 2 PINTS*

## RECOMMENDED BOLT TORQUE

The general purpose torque shown in the chart applies to SAE Grade 5 bolts, studs and standard steel full, thick and high nuts.

Higher or lower torques for special applications will be specified such as the use of spanner nuts, nuts on shaft

ends, jam nuts and where distortion of parts or gaskets is critical.

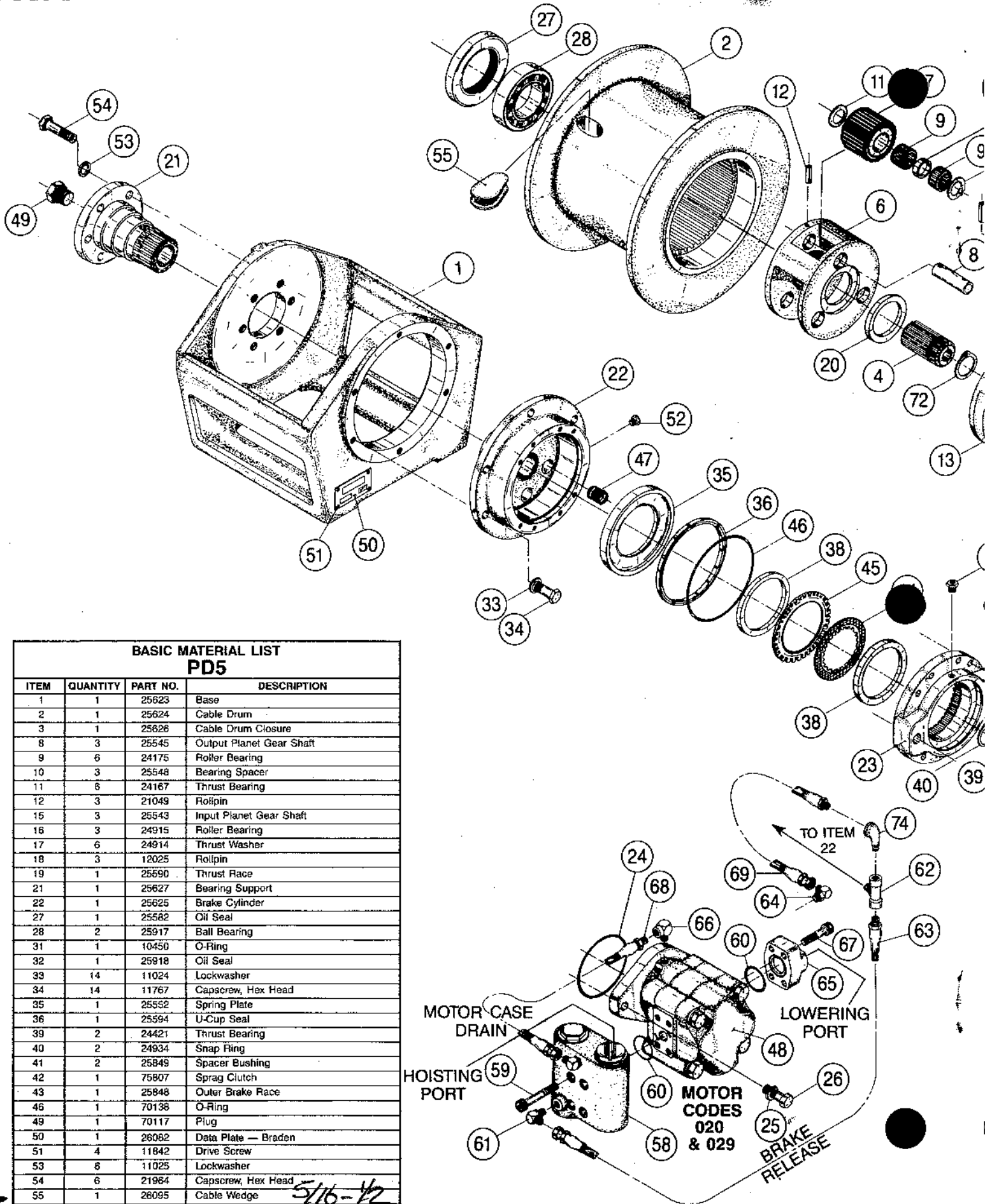
Lubricated Torque values based on use of SAE 30W engine oil applied to threads and face of bolt or nut.

| BOLT DIA.<br>INCHES | THD PER INCH | TORQUE LB-FT. |       |
|---------------------|--------------|---------------|-------|
|                     |              | DRY           | LUBED |
| 1/4                 | 20<br>28     | 9             | 6     |
| 5/16                | 18<br>24     | 18            | 13    |
| 3/8                 | 16<br>24     | 31            | 23    |
| 7/16                | 14<br>20     | 50            | 37    |
| 1/2                 | 13<br>20     | 75            | 55    |
| 9/16                | 12<br>18     | 110           | 80    |
| 5/8                 | 11<br>18     | 150           | 115   |

| BOLT DIA.<br>INCHES | THD PER INCH | TORQUE LB-FT. |       |
|---------------------|--------------|---------------|-------|
|                     |              | DRY           | LUBED |
| 3/4                 | 10<br>16     | 265           | 200   |
| 7/8                 | 9<br>14      | 420           | 325   |
| 1                   | 8<br>14      | 640           | 485   |
| 1 1/8               | 7<br>12      | 790           | 590   |
| 1 1/4               | 7<br>12      | 1110          | 835   |
| 1 3/8               | 6<br>12      | 1460          | 1095  |
| 1 1/2               | 6<br>12      | 1940          | 1455  |



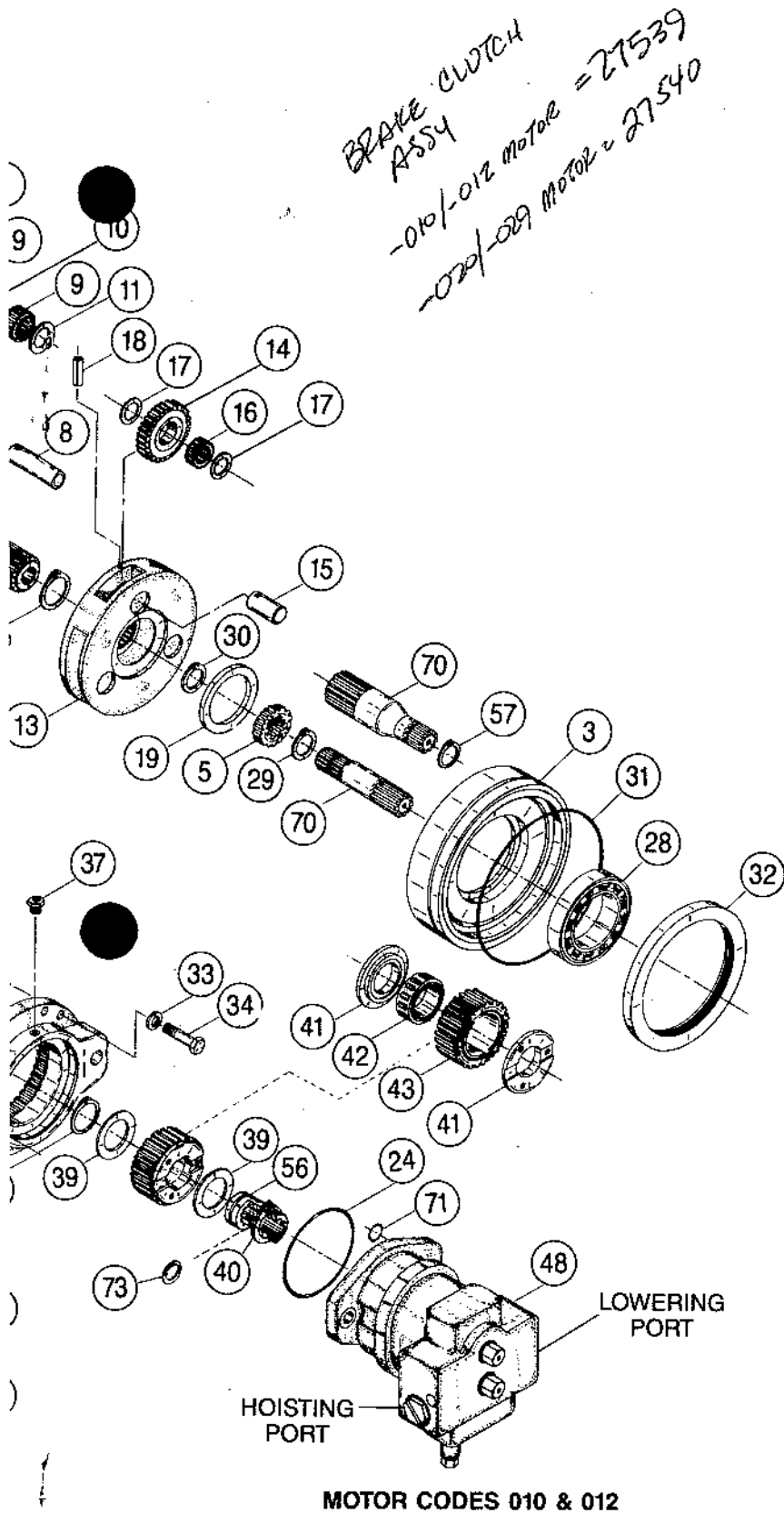
# BRADEN PD5 COMPONENTS



**BASIC MATERIAL LIST  
PD5**

| ITEM | QUANTITY | PART NO. | DESCRIPTION              |
|------|----------|----------|--------------------------|
| 1    | 1        | 25623    | Base                     |
| 2    | 1        | 25624    | Cable Drum               |
| 3    | 1        | 25626    | Cable Drum Closure       |
| 8    | 3        | 25545    | Output Planet Gear Shaft |
| 9    | 6        | 24175    | Roller Bearing           |
| 10   | 3        | 25548    | Bearing Spacer           |
| 11   | 6        | 24167    | Thrust Bearing           |
| 12   | 3        | 21049    | Rollpin                  |
| 15   | 3        | 25543    | Input Planet Gear Shaft  |
| 16   | 3        | 24915    | Roller Bearing           |
| 17   | 6        | 24914    | Thrust Washer            |
| 18   | 3        | 12025    | Rollpin                  |
| 19   | 1        | 25590    | Thrust Race              |
| 21   | 1        | 25627    | Bearing Support          |
| 22   | 1        | 25625    | Brake Cylinder           |
| 27   | 1        | 25582    | Oil Seal                 |
| 28   | 2        | 25917    | Ball Bearing             |
| 31   | 1        | 10450    | O-Ring                   |
| 32   | 1        | 25818    | Oil Seal                 |
| 33   | 14       | 11024    | Lockwasher               |
| 34   | 14       | 11767    | Capscrew, Hex Head       |
| 35   | 1        | 25552    | Spring Plate             |
| 36   | 1        | 25594    | U-Cup Seal               |
| 39   | 2        | 24421    | Thrust Bearing           |
| 40   | 2        | 24934    | Snap Ring                |
| 41   | 2        | 25849    | Spacer Bushing           |
| 42   | 1        | 75807    | Sprag Clutch             |
| 43   | 1        | 25848    | Outer Brake Race         |
| 46   | 1        | 70138    | O-Ring                   |
| 49   | 1        | 70117    | Plug                     |
| 50   | 1        | 26062    | Data Plate — Braden      |
| 51   | 4        | 11842    | Drive Screw              |
| 53   | 8        | 11025    | Lockwasher               |
| 54   | 6        | 21964    | Capscrew, Hex Head       |
| 55   | 1        | 26095    | Cable Wedge              |

→  
— 1/4" Rope wedge = 28779



# MATERIAL LIST VARIABLES

| ITEM | QTY. | 67.06:1<br>RATIO<br>010 & 012<br>MOTORS | 29.00:1<br>RATIO<br>020 & 029<br>MOTORS | 29.00:1<br>RATIO<br>012<br>MOTOR | DESCRIPTION                                |
|------|------|---|---|----------------------------------|--|
|      |      | PART<br>NO.                             | PART<br>NO.                             | PART<br>NO.                      |  |
| 0    | 1    | 81790                                   | —                                       | —                                | Primary Planet Carrier Assembly (w/Item 4) |
| 0    | 1    | 81791                                   | —                                       | —                                | Output Planet Carrier Assembly             |
| 4    | 1    | 25634                                   | 25544                                   | 25544                            | Output Sun Gear                            |
| 5    | 1    | —                                       | 25547                                   | 25547                            | Primary Sun Gear                           |
| 6    | 1    | 25630                                   | 25532                                   | 25532                            | Output Planet Carrier                      |
| 7    | 3    | 25632                                   | 25546                                   | 25546                            | Output Planet Gear                         |
| 13   | 1    | 25629                                   | 25531                                   | 25531                            | Primary Planet Carrier                     |
| 14   | 3    | 25631                                   | 25556                                   | 25556                            | Primary Planet Gear                        |
| 20   | 1    | 13680                                   | 25590                                   | 25590                            | Thrust Race                                |
| 23   | 1    | 25919                                   | 26091                                   | 25919                            | Motor Adapter                              |
| 24   | 1    | 25727                                   | 21063                                   | 25727                            | O-Ring                                     |
| 25   | 2    | 18003                                   | 11026                                   | 18003                            | Lockwasher                                 |
| 26   | 2    | 21961                                   | 13413                                   | 21961                            | Capscrew, Hex Head                         |
| 29   | 1    | —                                       | 25589                                   | 25589                            | Snap Ring                                  |
| 30   | 1    | 11953                                   | 13023                                   | 13023                            | Snap Ring                                  |
| 37   | 1    | 18062                                   | 10074                                   | 10074                            | Relief Valve                               |
| 38   | 3    | 25550                                   | —                                       | —                                | Brake Plate Spacer                         |
| 38   | 2    | —                                       | 25550                                   | 25550                            | Brake Plate Spacer                         |
| 44   | 5    | 25541                                   | —                                       | —                                | Friction Disc                              |
| 44   | 7    | —                                       | 25541                                   | 25541                            | Friction Disc                              |
| 45   | 6    | 25540                                   | —                                       | —                                | Brake Disc                                 |
| 45   | 8    | —                                       | 25540                                   | 25540                            | Brake Disc                                 |
| 47   | 6    | 24916                                   | 26094                                   | 26094                            | Brake Spring                               |
| 48   | 1    | 26019                                   | —                                       | —                                | Hydraulic Motor Code 010                   |
| 48   | 1    | 26127                                   | —                                       | 26127                            | Hydraulic Motor Code 012                   |
| 48   | 1    | —                                       | 25386                                   | —                                | Hydraulic Motor Code 020                   |
| 48   | 1    | —                                       | 25386                                   | —                                | Hydraulic Motor Code 029                   |
| 52   | 1    | 25663                                   | —                                       | 25563                            | Hex Head Plug                              |
| 56   | 1    | 26287                                   | 26093                                   | 26287                            | Inner Brake Race                           |
| 57   | 1    | 25589                                   | —                                       | 25589                            | Snap Ring                                  |
| 58   | 1    | —                                       | 81715                                   | —                                | Brake Valve Assembly                       |
| 59   | 4    | —                                       | 25130                                   | —                                | Capscrew, Socket Head                      |
| 60   | 2    | —                                       | 25366                                   | —                                | O-Ring                                     |
| 61   | 1    | —                                       | 25302                                   | —                                | Elbow Fitting                              |
| 62   | 1    | —                                       | 22934                                   | —                                | Tee — Male Branch                          |
| 63   | 1    | —                                       | 13706                                   | —                                | Hose Assembly, 16 Inch                     |
| 64   | 1    | —                                       | 25131                                   | —                                | Elbow w/O-Ring                             |
| 65   | 1    | —                                       | 25539                                   | —                                | Split Flange Adapter                       |
| 66   | 1    | —                                       | 24236                                   | —                                | Reducer Elbow                              |
| 67   | 4    | —                                       | 13544                                   | —                                | Capscrew, Socket Head                      |
| 68   | 1    | —                                       | 13711                                   | —                                | Hose Assembly, 10 Inch                     |
| 69   | 1    | —                                       | 13710                                   | —                                | Hose Assembly, 8 Inch                      |
| 70   | 1    | 26288                                   | 26092                                   | 26524                            | Input Shaft                                |
| 71   | 1    | 24520                                   | —                                       | 24520                            | O-Ring                                     |
| 72   | 1    | 11953                                   | 25588                                   | 25588                            | Snap Ring                                  |
| 73   | 1    | —                                       | 32115                                   | 32115                            | Retaining Ring                             |
| 74   | 1    | —                                       | 13708                                   | 13708                            | Elbow, Street                              |

## PD5 O-RING AND SEAL KIT PART NUMBER 61774

| ITEM | QUANTITY | PART NO. | DESCRIPTION                                    |
|------|----------|----------|--|
| 24   | 1        | 25727    | O-Ring (Motor Codes 010 & 012)                 |
|      | 1        | 21063    | O-Ring (Motor Code 020)                        |
| 27   | 1        | 25582    | Oil Seal                                       |
| 71   | 1        | 24520    | O-Ring (Motor Codes 010 & 012)                 |
| 31   | 1        | 10450    | O-Ring   |
| 32   | 1        | 25918    | Oil Seal                                       |
| 36   | 1        | 25594    | U-Cup Seal                                     |
| 46   | 1        | 70138    | O-Ring   |
| 49   | 1        | 70117    | Oil Level Plug w/O-Ring                        |
| 52   | 1        | 25663    | Hex Head Plug w/O-Ring (Motor Codes 010 & 012) |

Counter Balance Valve Seal Kit for Motor Codes  
010 & 012 — Part No. 26559  
Motor Shaft Seal Only for Motor Codes 010 & 012 —  
Part No. 26531

# TROUBLE SHOOTING

| TROUBLE   | PROBABLE CAUSE   | REMEDY   |
|---|--|--|
| <p><b>A.</b></p> <p>Winch will not pull maximum load.</p> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. System relief valve may be set too low.</li> <li>2. If this trouble occurs suddenly after working at a maximum pull, a particle of dirt may be lodged under the system relief valve, holding it partially open. If this is the cause, a considerable loss in line speed may be noticed as the load on the cable is increased.</li> <li>3. If the pump is belt driven, the belts may be slipping.</li> <li>4. The oil level in the reservoir may be too low. The suction line may be restricted or have an air leak causing cavitation at the inlet port. This will cause the pump to make a whining noise.</li> <li>5. The winch may be mounted on an uneven or flexible surface which causes distortion of the winch base and binding of the gear train. Binding in the gear train will absorb horsepower needed to generate the rated line pull and cause heat.</li> <li>6. Be certain hydraulic system temperature is not more than 180 degrees F. Excessive hydraulic oil temperatures increase motor internal leakage and reduce motor performance.</li> <li>7. Winch line pull rating is based on 1st layer of wire rope. Expected line pull may be in excess of winch rating.</li> <li>8. After all the causes listed above have been investigated and it is found that the winch will stall at maximum pressure without developing the maximum pull on the bare drum, the trouble may be in the winch.</li> <li>9. Rigging and sheaves not operating efficiently.</li> </ol> | <p>Install a pressure gauge in the haul-in port and apply a stall pull on the winch. If pressure is low, increase relief valve setting until recommended pressure is obtained.</p> <p>NOTE: If pressure does not increase in proportion to adjustment, relief valve may be contaminated or worn out. In either case, the relief valve may require disassembly or replacement.</p> <p>Remove relief valve, disassemble and clean parts thoroughly in a suitable solvent. Reassemble and install relief valve. Reset pressure according to specifications.</p> <p>Check belts when pump is at full PSI (kg/cm<sup>2</sup>) (stall pull on winch). Tighten belts if they are found to be slipping.</p> <p>Check oil level in the reservoir. Check the suction line for damage, externally and internally. Replace suction line if necessary.</p> <p>Reinforce mounting surface.</p> <p>If necessary, use steel shim stock to level winch.</p> <p>First loosen, then evenly retighten all winch mounting bolts to recommended torque.</p> <p>Same as remedy for A-5.</p> <p>Same as remedy for B-4.</p> <p>Refer to winch performance charts for additional information.</p> <p>Install a pressure gauge in the motor haul-in port and apply a stall pull on the winch. If the pressure is up to maximum and the bare drum line pull is less than the specified line pull, the trouble will be in the winch.</p> <p>Disassemble winch according to disassembly instructions and check that gear train turns freely. If gear train is found to be satisfactory, inspect the hydraulic motor, according to the service instructions for the hydraulic motor.</p> <p>Perform rigging and sheave service as recommended by manufacturer.</p> |

# TROUBLE SHOOTING

| TROUBLE   | PROBABLE CAUSE  | REMEDY   |
|---|---|--|
| <p><b>B.</b></p> <p>Considerable reduction in line speed.</p>   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Same as A-2.</li> <li>2. Same as A-4.</li> <li>3. Same as A-6.</li> <li>4. If this trouble has increased gradually, the hydraulic pump or winch motor may be worn.</li> </ol>   | <p>Same as remedy for A-2.</p> <p>Same as remedy for A-4.</p> <p>Same as remedy for A-5 &amp; B-4.</p> <p>Remove and inspect pump. If satisfactory, consult the disassembly instructions for the winch and remove and inspect the motor according to the service instructions for the hydraulic motor.</p>   |
| <p><b>C.</b></p> <p>Reverse speed is slower than forward speed.</p>   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Control valve may be restricted in its travel.</li> <li>2. Same as A-1.</li> <li>3. Oil may be too thick causing a high resistance to rotation at the brake plates and causing the relief valve to by-pass.</li> <li>4. Same as F-1.</li> </ol> | <p>Check the travel of the control valve spool. The spool travel should be the same in both directions.</p> <p>Same as remedy for A-1.</p> <p>Follow warm-up procedure in "Preventive Maintenance" section.</p> <p>Same as remedy for F-1.</p>   |
| <p><b>D.</b></p> <p>Brake will not hold when control valve is returned to neutral after lifting a load.</p> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Excessive system back pressure acting on the brake release port.</li> <li>2. Friction brake will not hold due to worn or damaged brake disks.</li> <li>3. Brake clutch is slipping.</li> </ol>  | <p>Install a pressure gauge at the "pay-out" port of the hydraulic motor. Operate the pump at full throttle and monitor pressure in "neutral" and haul-in positions. If the pressure is greater than 50 PSI, check for restrictions in the return line from the winch to the control valve and the control valve to the reservoir.</p> <p>Disassemble winch to inspect/replace worn parts.</p> <p>Improper gear oil may cause the brake clutch to slip. Replace brake parts, drain and flush gear oil then refill with recommended gear oil.</p> <p>Brake clutch may be damaged or worn. Disassemble and inspect brake clutch.</p> |
| <p><b>E.</b></p> <p>Brake will not control or stop the load when lowering.</p>                              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Same as D-1, 2, or 3.</li> <li>2. Winch is being overloaded.</li> <li>3. After the causes listed above have been investigated and found to be satisfactory, the trouble may be in the winch.</li> </ol>   | <p>Same as remedies for D-1, 2, or 3.</p> <p>Install a pressure gauge at the haul-in port and apply a stall pull on the winch. If the pressure is higher than the maximum specified PSI, reduce the pressure.</p> <p>Disassemble the brake clutch assembly according to the disassembly instructions. Inspect the brake springs, brake plates and brake hub assembly. Check that the brake hub assembly will "lock up" in the required direction of rotation.</p>  |

# TROUBLE SHOOTING

| TROUBLE   | PROBABLE CAUSE  | REMEDY  |
|---|---|---|
| <p><b>F.</b></p> <p>The winch will not lower the load or not lower the load smoothly.</p> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The friction brake may not be releasing as a result of a defective brake cylinder seal.<br/><br/>NOTE: If the brake cylinder seal is defective you will usually notice oil leaking from the winch vent plug.</li> <li>2. Friction brake will not release as a result of damaged brake disks.</li> <li>3. Same as B-4.</li> <li>4. Same as A-3.</li> <li>5. Same as A-5.</li> <li>6. Control valve handle being operated too quickly.</li> <li>7. Insufficient gear oil in cable drum.</li> <li>8. Control valve does not have good metering characteristics.</li> </ol> | <p>Disassemble and inspect the brake cylinder seal.</p> <p>Disassemble brake to inspect brake disks.</p> <p>Same as remedy for B-4.</p> <p>Same as remedy for A-3.</p> <p>Same as remedy for A-5.</p> <p>Operate control valve smoothly when starting and stopping a load. Conduct operator training as required.</p> <p>Remove oil level plug and check oil level. Fill to proper level.</p> <p>See "Winch Installation" section for control valve specifications.</p> |
| <p><b>G.</b></p> <p>The winch runs hot.</p>   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Same as A-5.</li> <li>2. Be certain that the hydraulic system temperature is not more than 180 degrees F. Excessive hydraulic oil temperatures may be caused by:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>A. Plugged heat exchanger.</li> <li>B. Too low or too high oil level in hydraulic reservoir.</li> <li>C. Same as A-1.</li> <li>D. Hydraulic pump not operating efficiently.</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Excessively worn or damaged internal winch parts.</li> <li>4. Same as F-7.</li> </ol>   | <p>Same as remedy for A-5.</p> <p>Thoroughly clean exterior and flush interior.</p> <p>Fill/drain to proper level.</p> <p>Same as remedy for A-1.</p> <p>Remove and inspect pump.</p> <p>Check suction line for damage. If pump is belt driven, belts may be slipping. Replace/tighten belts.</p> <p>Disassemble winch to inspect/replace worn parts.</p> <p>Same as remedy for F-7.</p>  |
| <p><b>H.</b></p> <p>Winch "chatters" while raising rated load.</p>                        | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Same as A-1.</li> <li>2. Same as B-4.</li> <li>3. Hydraulic oil flow to motor may be too low.</li> <li>4. Same as F-6.</li> </ol>   | <p>Same as remedy for A-1.</p> <p>Same as remedy for B-4.</p> <p>Increase pump rpm.</p> <p>Same as remedy for F-6.</p>  |

# WINCH SERVICE

## FOREWORD TO WINCH SERVICE

- Before any part is removed from the winch, all service instructions should be read and understood.
- Work in a clean, dust free area as cleanliness is of utmost importance when servicing hydraulic equipment.
- Inspect all replacement parts, prior to installation, to detect any damage which might have occurred in shipment.
- Use only genuine BRADEN replacement parts for optimum results. Never reuse expendable parts such as oil seals and o-rings.
- Inspect all machined surfaces for excessive wear or damage . . . before reassembly operations are begun.

- Lubricate all o-rings and oil seals with gear oil prior to installation.
- Use a sealing compound on the outside surface of oil seals and a light coat of thread sealing compound on pipe threads. Avoid getting thread compound inside parts or passages which conduct oil.
- Thoroughly clean all parts in a good grade of non-flammable safety solvent. Wear protective clothing as required.

### **!WARNING!**

DO NOT CLEAN BRAKE FRICTION DISKS IN SOLVENT. SOLVENT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO FRICTION MATERIAL WHICH MAY RESULT IN BRAKE FAILURE AND LOAD DROP.

- Perform all applicable trouble shooting operations BEFORE disassembling winch.

## MOTOR ADAPTER – BRAKE HOUSING ASSEMBLY SERVICE

### DISASSEMBLY

1. Disconnect all hoses and fittings from the hydraulic motor, brake valve and brake cylinder.
2. Remove the capscrews (26) and lockwashers (25) which secure the motor (48) and slide motor out of motor adapter (23). Allow gear oil to drain into a suitable container. Remove and discard the o-ring (24) installed on the pilot of the motor.
3. Remove the capscrews (34) and lockwashers (33) which secure the motor adapter (23) to the brake cylinder (22).

### **!CAUTION!**

Each capscrew (34) must be slackened one turn at a time progressively around the motor adapter (23) until the spring compression has been relaxed.

4. Remove the over-running brake clutch assembly (40-43) and input shaft (70).
5. Remove the friction (44) and steel brake disks (45) and brake plate spacer (38) from the motor adapter (23). Remove the spring plate (35), 'U' cup seal (36) and brake springs (47) from the brake cylinder (22).
6. If the over-running brake clutch assembly requires service, remove snap ring (40) from the inner brake race (56) and slide thrust bearing (39), spacer bushings (41), sprag clutch (42) and outer brake hub (43) from the inner brake race.

### CLEAN AND INSPECT

1. Discard the motor adapter o-ring (46), brake port o-ring (71), motor pilot o-ring (24) and brake 'U' cup seal (36).
2. Wash all parts in suitable solvent and dry thoroughly. Do not wash over-running brake clutch assembly unless it will be disassembled.

### **!WARNING!**

DO NOT WASH BRAKE FRICTION DISKS IN SOLVENT. SOLVENT MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO FRICTION MATERIAL WHICH MAY RESULT IN BRAKE FAILURE AND LOAD DROP.

3. Remove vent plug (37) from motor adapter (23) and clean.
  4. Inspect the polished surfaces of the outer brake hub (43), inner brake race (56) and the sprag clutch (42) to insure they are perfectly smooth and free of scoring, heat discoloration or material transfer. The slightest defect may reduce brake clutch effectiveness. Check component dimensions as follows:
- |                                    |         |
|------------------------------------|---------|
| Maximum outer brake hub (43) I.D.  | 1.9065" |
| Minimum inner brake race (56) O.D. | 1.2498" |
| Maximum spacer bushing (41) I.D.   | 1.254"  |

NOTE: If the outer brake hub, inner brake race or sprag brake clutch require replacement, it is recommended that all three (3) components be replaced.

5. Check wear on over-running brake clutch spacer bushings (41) at surface where spacer bushing makes contact with thrust bearing (39) and outer brake hub (43). If contact area is worn more than .020", replace spacer bushings.
6. Place friction brake disk (44) on flat surface and check for distortion with a straight edge. Friction material should appear even across entire surface with groove pattern visible. Replace friction disk if splines are worn to a point, disk is distorted or friction material is worn unevenly.
7. Place steel brake disk (45) on flat surface and check for distortion with a straight edge. Check surface for signs of material transfer or heat. Replace steel disk if splines are worn to a point, disk is distorted or heat discolored.
8. Inspect spline gear teeth (machined into inside surface of motor adapter [23]) for nicks, spalling or excessive wear. Replace motor adapter if teeth are worn to a point or are grooved in a manner which would restrict free movement of the steel brake disks (45).
9. Check brake 'U' cup sealing surfaces on motor adapter (23) and in brake cylinder (22). Be sure brake release oil passage in motor adapter is free of contamination.
10. Check brake spring (47) free length; minimum free length is 1.00 inch. Check springs for any sign of cracking or distortion. If a brake spring must be replaced for any reason, then ALL brake springs must be replaced.

### **!CAUTION!**

Failure to replace brake springs as a set may result in uneven brake application pressure and repeated brake spring failure.

## **ASSEMBLY**

1. Assemble a snap ring (40) in one of the grooves provided on the outside diameter of the inner brake race (56). Install a thrust bearing (39) followed by spacer bushing (41) onto the inner brake race (56). Then install the over-running sprag clutch (42) into the outer brake race (43). Using a rotating motion, install the assembled sprag clutch and outer brake race on the inner brake race. Install the remaining spacer (41) and thrust bearing (39) then secure with snap ring (40). When installed correctly, the inner brake race should turn freely in the same direction the drum turns to pull cable in with the outer brake race held in hand.
- 1a. 29:1 ratio winch.  
Install snap ring (73) in groove provided in inner brake race (56).

2. 67.06:1 ratio winch.  
Set the winch in a vertical position with the brake cylinder up. Install snap ring (57) on the input shaft (70) then install in the winch ensuring gear teeth mesh with the primary planet gears.
- 2a. 29:1 ratio winch.  
Set the winch in a vertical position with the brake cylinder up. Install snap ring (29) on input shaft (70) then install in winch ensuring spline teeth locate in bore of primary sun gear (5).
3. Install a brake spring (47) in each hole in the brake cylinder (22). Install spring plate (35) in bore of brake cylinder so that shoulder is toward motor.
4. Install over-running brake clutch assembly on input shaft (70). Install 'U' cup seal (36) in bore of brake cylinder (22).
5. 67.06:1 ratio winch.  
Install two brake plate spacers (38), one steel brake disk (45) followed by a friction brake disk (44) then alternate steel and friction disks until five (5) friction and six (6) steel disks have been installed. Finish with a steel brake disk then a brake plate spacer (38) to the outside. The splined bore of the friction brake disks will locate on the outer brake hub (43).
- 5a. 29:1 ratio winch.  
Install a brake plate spacer (38), one steel brake disk (45) followed by a friction brake disk (44) then alternate steel and friction disks until seven (7) friction and eight (8) steel disks have been installed. Finish with a steel brake disk then a brake plate spacer (38) to the outside. The splined bore of the friction brake disks will locate on the outer brake hub (43).

**NOTE:** It is a good practice to pre-lubricate the disks with gear oil prior to installation.

6. Align the teeth of the steel brake disks, then install a new o-ring (46) onto the motor adapter. Lubricate the o-ring with light general purpose grease or hydraulic oil and carefully install motor adapter (23) into the brake cylinder (22). Be sure motor adapter is installed with vent plug at the twelve o'clock position. Do not use force to engage the motor adapter with the teeth of the steel brake disks. Secure in position with capscrews (34) and lockwashers (33).

### **!CAUTION!**

Tighten capscrews (34) one turn at a time progressively around the motor adapter until fully seated.

7. Install a new o-ring (24) on the motor pilot and o-ring (71) in brake pilot hole then install motor (48) onto motor adapter. Tighten capscrews to recommended torque.

# CABLE DRUM AND END BRACKET SERVICE

## DISASSEMBLY

1. Disassemble motor adapter and brake cylinder assembly.
2. Set winch in a vertical position with the brake cylinder up. Remove capscrews (34) and lockwashers (33) from brake cylinder (22).
3. Remove the brake cylinder (22).
4. Remove drum closure (3) complete with bearing (28) and oil seal (32) from cable drum (2) through opening in winch base.
5. Lift out primary and secondary planet carrier assemblies.
6. Place winch in a horizontal position and remove capscrews (54) and lockwashers (53) from bearing support (21). Remove bearing support.
7. Lift cable drum (2) from winch base (1).
2. Install bearing (28) in drum closure (3) using a press and a flat plate, 4" diameter, to avoid damage to bearing (28). Lubricate and install o-ring (31) on outside diameter of drum closure.
3. Install bearing (28) in cable drum bore using a 3½" diameter plate to avoid damage to the bearing. Coat outside diameter of oil seal (27) with non-hardening sealant and install in cable drum using a 3⅝" diameter plate. The lip of the oil seal must face the bearing (28).
4. Stand winch base (1) on end with large bore end down. Position cable drum (2) in winch base and install bearing support (21) so it locates in winch base and with drum bearing (28) and oil seal (27). Secure in position with capscrews (54) and lockwashers (53). Torque capscrews to specifications.
5. Reverse position of winch so large bore end of winch base is up. Install the output planet carrier assembly into the cable drum (2) while meshing the planet gears with the internal ring gear and the internal planet hub spline with the bearing support (21).
6. Install the output sun gear (4) in the splined bore of the primary planet carrier assembly and locate with snap rings (30) and (72).
7. Install a thrust race (20) in the output planet carrier recess, then position the primary planet carrier assembly into the cable drum (2) while meshing the planet gears with the internal ring gear and the output sun gear (4) with the output planet carrier gears.
8. Install thrust race (19) in recess of primary planet hub assembly. Install drum closure assembly being careful not to damage o-ring (31).
- 8a. 29:1 ratio winch.  
Ensure primary planet carrier assembly sun gear (5) is installed and meshes with primary planet carrier gears (14).
9. Install and secure brake cylinder (22) to winch base (1) with capscrews (34) and lockwashers (33) and torque to specifications.

## CLEAN AND INSPECT

1. Wash all parts in solvent and dry thoroughly. Do not wash primary and output planet assemblies unless they will be disassembled.
2. Inspect sealing surface in cable drum (2), bearing support (21) and brake cylinder (22) for wear. Light scoring may be polished with fine emery cloth.
3. Remove and discard oil seals (27) and (32) from cable drum (2) and cable drum closure (3).
4. Carefully inspect bearings (28) for smooth rotation. Replace bearings if there are any defects such as pitting, spalling, or heat discoloration.
5. Inspect thrust races (19) and (20) for pitting or distortion and replace if either condition exists.
6. Inspect ring gear teeth (machined into inside surface of drum [2]) for nicks, spalling or excessive wear. Replace drum if wear is greater than .015" when compared to unworn area of teeth.

## ASSEMBLY

1. Apply non-hardening sealant to outside diameter of oil seal (32). Install in drum closure (3) with spring side of seal toward bearing (28), using a flat plate 5¾" diameter to avoid distortion.



# PLANET CARRIER SERVICE

## OUTPUT PLANET CARRIER

### DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove the planet gears by driving the roll pins into the center of the planet gear shafts.
2. Now you can remove the planet gear shafts, bearings, spacer, thrust washers and gears.
3. Use a punch to drive the roll pins from the planet gear shafts. Do not reuse the roll pins.

### CLEAN AND INSPECT

1. Thoroughly clean all parts and inspect for damage and wear.
2. The bearing rollers should not exhibit any irregularities. If the rollers show any sign of spalling, corrosion, discoloration, material displacement or abnormal wear, the bearing should be replaced. Likewise, the cage should be inspected for unusual wear or deformation, particularly the cage bars. If there is any damage that will impair the cage's ability to separate, retain and guide the rollers properly, the bearing should be replaced.

3. The thrust washer contact areas should be free from any surface irregularities that may cause abrasions or friction.
4. The gears and shafts should be inspected for abnormal wear or pitting. Replace if necessary.

### ASSEMBLY

1. Place the output planet carrier (6) on a workbench with splined coupling side up. Insert two bearings (9) with a bearing spacer (10) between the bearings in the bore of the planet gear (7). Place a thrust washer (11) on each side of the gear and position in a carrier opening. Slide the shaft (8) through the carrier, thrust washer, bearing-gear sub assembly and remaining thrust washer.
2. Carefully align the pin hole in the carrier (6) with the hole in the planet gear shaft (8) and drive the roll pin (12) into place. Always use NEW roll pins.
3. Note that the roll pin (2) is slightly recessed in the carrier when properly installed. Repeat these steps for each of the three planet gears.

## PRIMARY PLANET CARRIER

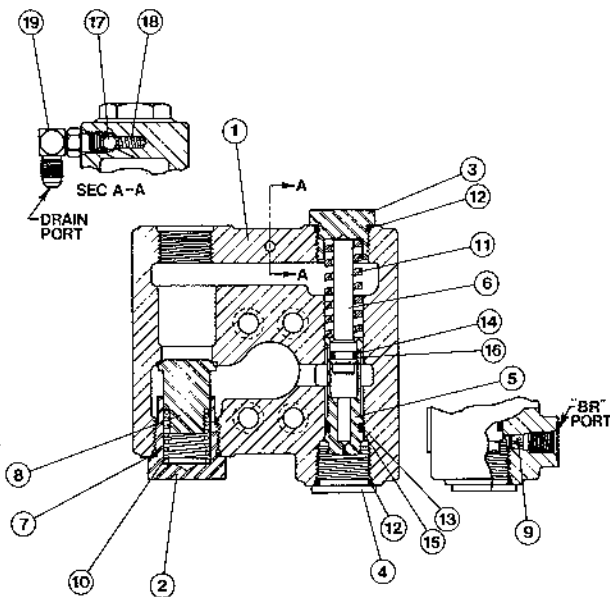
1. Remove snap ring (30) from primary planet hub and slide out the output sun gear (4).
2. To service the primary planet carrier, the steps are the same as for the output carrier except there is only one bearing for each gear and no bearing spacer.

# BRAKE VALVE SERVICE

The brake valve is a reliable hydraulic valve with internal components manufactured to close tolerances. Due to the close tolerances and mating of components, the valve housing, spool, piston and check poppet are not available as replacement parts.

Before disassembling the brake valve, be sure you have conducted all applicable trouble shooting operations and are certain the brake valve is causing the malfunction.

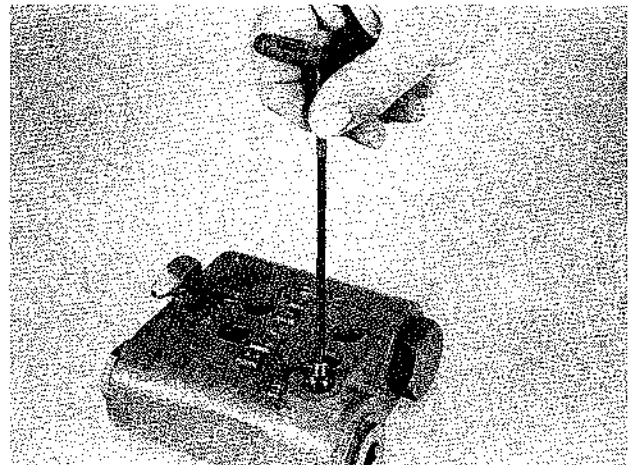
Thoroughly clean the outside surfaces of the valve and work in a clean dust free area, as cleanliness is of utmost importance when servicing hydraulic components.



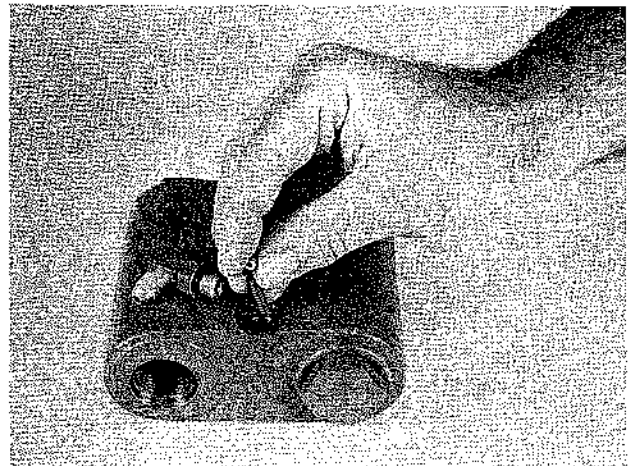
| BRAKE VALVE ASSEMBLY<br>NO. 81715 |          |          |                    |
|-----------------------------------|----------|----------|--------------------|
| ITEM                              | QUANTITY | PART NO. | DESCRIPTION        |
| 1                                 | 1        | NSS      | VALVE HOUSING      |
| 2                                 | 1        | NSS      | SPRING RETAINER    |
| 3                                 | 1        | NSS      | SPRING RETAINER    |
| 4                                 | 1        | NSS      | PLUG               |
| 5                                 | 1        | NSS      | SPOOL              |
| 6                                 | 1        | NSS      | DAMPER PISTON      |
| 7                                 | 1        | 24186    | O-RING             |
| 8                                 | 1        | NSS      | CHECK VALVE POPPET |
| 9                                 | 1        | 24200    | PILOT ORIFICE      |
| 10                                | 1        | 24190    | CHECK VALVE SPRING |
| 11                                | 1        | 24192    | SPOOL SPRING       |
| 12                                | 2        | 23801    | O-RING             |
| 13                                | 1        | 24193    | O-RING             |
| 14                                | 1        | 24194    | O-RING             |
| 15                                | 1        | 24195    | BACK-UP RING       |
| 16                                | 1        | 24196    | BACK-UP RING       |
| 17                                | 1        | 21158    | CHECK BALL (1/4")  |
| 18                                | 1        | 25480    | CHECK BALL SPRING  |
| 19                                | 1        | 25302    | ELBOW FITTING      |

NSS — NOT SERVICED SEPARATELY. ORDER COMPLETE VALVE ASSEMBLY.

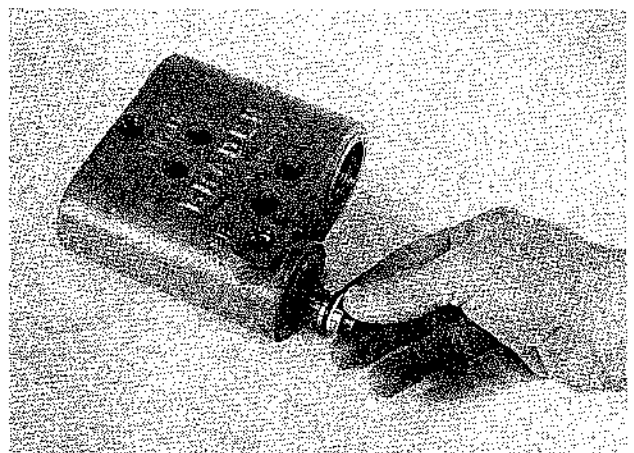
## DISASSEMBLY



1. Remove the pilot orifice from the brake release (BR) port using a  $\frac{5}{32}$  inch Allen wrench.

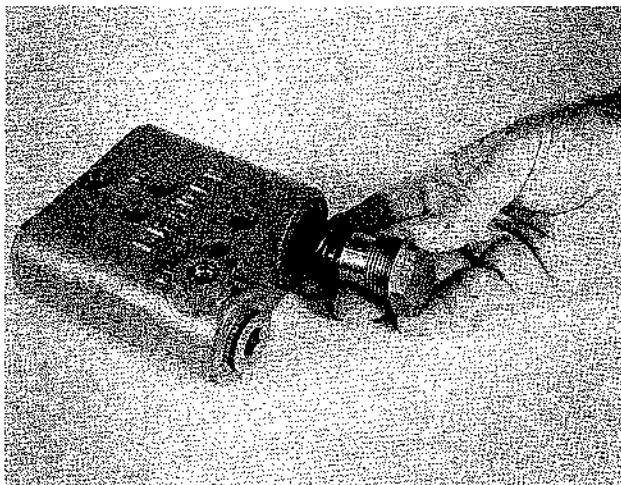


2. Remove the elbow fitting, motor drain check ball and spring.
3. Remove the spool spring retainer and spool spring. Check spring free length. Replace spring if less than  $1\frac{5}{16}$  inches long.



4. Remove spool plug and *carefully* remove spool assembly.

5. Remove the damper piston from the spool. The piston will come out slowly, because of a partial vacuum formed as it is removed. Use extreme care to avoid damaging the polished surfaces of the piston or spool.



6. Remove the check valve spring retainer, spring and check valve poppet. Check spring free length. Replace spring if less than 1½ inches long.

## CLEAN AND INSPECT

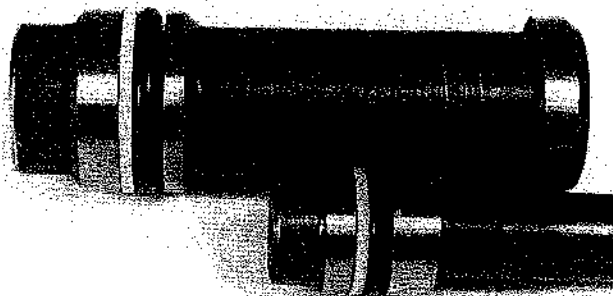
1. Discard all O-rings and back-up rings. Clean all parts in solvent and blow dry. Inspect polished surfaces of spool and damper piston for damage that may cause binding or leakage. Inspect spool bore in valve housing for damage or scoring. Inspect check valve seat in valve housing and check valve poppet. If the spools, bores or valves are damaged, the entire valve must be replaced as these parts are not serviced separately.



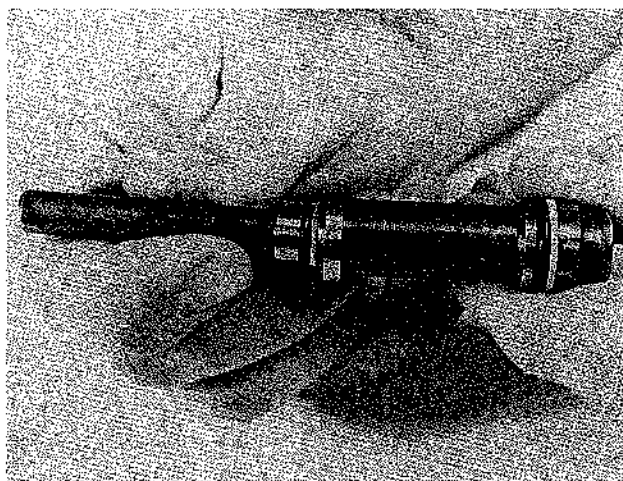
2. Inspect the .020 inch orifice in the end of the spool and the pilot orifice to be certain they are open.

## ASSEMBLY

1. Install new O-rings on the plug and spring retainers.



2. Install new O-rings and back-up rings on the spool and damper piston as shown. It is important that each back-up ring is on the correct side of its O-ring. Take care not to cut the O-rings during assembly. Let the spool and damper piston set for ten minutes before installing them in their respective bores. This will allow the O-rings to return to their original size after being stretched.
3. Lubricate the spool and damper piston O-rings with hydraulic oil. Carefully install the damper piston into the spool.



4. Lubricate the spool bore and spool O-rings with hydraulic oil. Carefully install the spool into the valve housing. Always install the spool from the plug end as shown to minimize the possibility of damaging the O-ring. Install the plug, spool spring and spring retainer.
5. Install the check valve poppet, spring and check valve spring retainer.
6. Install the motor drain check ball, spring and elbow fitting.
7. Install the pilot orifice into the valve housing.
8. The brake valve is complete and ready to be installed on winch motor.

## PD5 UPDATES

All 67:1 ratio winches with serial numbers prior to 87-03126 were built with an input shaft having an integral brake race. This shaft has been replaced by the following parts:

|         |             |                               |
|---------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Item 70 | Input Shaft | Part Number 26288             |
| Item 40 | Snap Ring   | Part Number 24934<br>(1 only) |

|         |                  |                   |
|---------|------------------|-------------------|
| Item 56 | Inner Brake Race | Part Number 26287 |
| Item 57 | Snap Ring        | Part Number 25589 |

Note: All drawings in this manual reflect current production.

The service instructions in this manual have been prepared to provide assembly, disassembly and maintenance information for the BRADEN Model PD5A series winch. It is suggested that before doing any work on these units, all assembly and disassembly instructions should be read and understood.

Some pictures or illustrations may show details or attachments that are different from your winch. Also, some components have been removed for illustrative purposes.

Continuing product improvement may cause changes in your winch which are not included in this manual. Whenever a question arises regarding your BRADEN Winch or this manual, please contact BRADEN Service Department for the latest available information.

Serial Numbers and Model Numbers are located to the left hand side of the hydraulic motor, stamped into the base. Always refer to the Serial Number and Model Number when requesting information or service parts.

**FOR BEST RESULTS,  
ALWAYS USE GENUINE BRADEN PARTS.**